## District Procedures for Determination of a Specific Learning Disability - Hybrid

The District will utilize an underachievement plus pattern of strengths and weaknesses (PSW) model for the determination of a specific learning disability, as these terms are defined below.

- 1. A student may be found to demonstrate inadequate achievement in basic reading, reading comprehension, reading fluency, math calculation, math problem solving, oral expression, listening comprehension, or written expression, if his/her performance on an individually administered achievement measure of the skill area in question falls at or below the 12<sup>th</sup> percentile on national or local norms, or in the lowest 10% of his/her class when provided with appropriate instruction to state approved grade level content expectations.
- 2. A pattern of strengths and weaknesses is based on the following decision rules:
  - **a.** A "strength" or "weakness" is defined by use of the decision rules on the attached grid (Attachment A).
  - **b.** A "pattern of strengths" means at least three separate assessment measures within two or more boxes (one of which must be "observation") in at least one skill area, that are coded as strengths using the criteria identified in 2a.
  - **c.** A "pattern of weaknesses" means at least four separate assessment measures within two or more assessment boxes (one of which must be "observation") in the skill area of concern for the initial evaluation or subsequent redetermination of eligibility for specific learning disability.
- **3.** In making a determination as to whether a student has or continues to have a specific learning disability, the District will also comply with all applicable federal regulations and State rules, including those addressing comprehensive evaluations, determination of the existence of a specific documentation for SLD eligibility determination, and reevaluations requirements.

## **Worksheet for Charting Patterns of Strengths and Weaknesses**

	Academic achievement with respect to grade-level expectations.		Academic achievement with respect to age-level expectations.	Classroom performance with respect to grade-level expectations.				Age- appropriate functional / intellectual skills
	Progress monitoring, CBM screening or criterion- referenced assessments	MEAP	Norm- referenced achievement tests	Curriculum assessments	Grades	Teacher report	Classroom observation	Observation, interviews, IQ assessment
Basic Reading	S N W	S N W	S N W	S N W	S N W	S N W	S N W	
Reading Fluency	S N W	S N W	S N W	S N W	S N W	S N W	S N W	
Reading Comp.	S N W	S N W	S N W	S N W	S N W	S N W	S N W	
Math Calc.	S N W	S N W	S N W	S N W	S N W	S N W	S N W	
Math Prob. Solving	S N W	S N W	S N W	S N W	S N W	S N W	S N W	SNW
Written Express.	S N W	s n w	S N W	S N W	S N W	S N W	S N W	
Oral Express.	SNW	S N W	S N W	S N W	S N W	S N W	SNW	
Listening Comp.	S N W	S N W	S N W	S N W	S N W	S N W	S N W	

S = Strength	Area(s) of Strength (at least 3 'S' checks for each area):
N = Neither Strength/Weakness	Area(s) of Weakness (at least 4 'W' checks for each area, including at least 1 individually
W = Weakness	administered academic achievement assessment):

## Suggested Guidelines for Determining Strengths and Weakness

Assessment Type	Strength	Weakness	
Progress monitoring	Meeting / exceeding aimline	Falling below aimline for at least 4 consecutive weeks on most recent tests.	
CBM (Benchmark) screening	At 'benchmark' level or above grade-level median score if using local norms.	At 'at-risk' level or below 10% ile if using local norms.	
Criterion-referenced assessment	Skills at or above grade level	Skills well below grade level	
MEAP	Level 1 or Level 2	Level 3 or Level 4	
Norm-referenced tests (Achievement, IQ)	Percentile rank ≥ 30	Percentile rank ≤ 9	
Curriculum assessments	Scores ≥ 80%	Scores ≤ 70%	
Grades	A / B or 'meets / exceeds' expectations	D / E or 'does not meet' expectations	
Teacher report	Based upon professional judgment of teacher in comparing student to others in classroom.	Based upon professional judgment of teacher in comparing student to others in classroom.	
Observations – Academic	Student demonstrates average understanding of academic content in comparison to other students in classroom.	Student demonstrates that s/he does not understand the academic content.	
Observations/Interviews/Scales - Functional	Student demonstrates typical functional skills in comparison to other students the same age or in the same grade. Percentile rank on scale > 30.	Most of the student's functional skills appear to be well below average in comparison to other students the same age or in the same grade. Percentile rank on scale < 9.	